Annex 2

Oxfordshire Pension Fund Cash Management Strategy 2013/14

Introduction

- 1. The Oxfordshire Pension Fund maintains a balance of cash arising from the receipt of employer and employee contributions exceeding the amount of payments made on behalf of the Fund. The cash managed in-house by the Administering Authority, provides a working balance for the fund to meet its short term commitments and forms 0-5% of the Fund's strategic asset allocation.
- 2. The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009 S.I.No. 3093 state that from 1 April 2011 the administering authority must hold in a separate bank account all monies held on behalf of the Pension Fund. The regulations also state that the Administering Authority must formulate an investment policy to govern how the authority invests any Pension Fund money that is not needed immediately to make payments from the fund. This report sets out the strategy for the financial year 2013/14.

Management Arrangements

4. The pension fund cash balances are managed by the Council's Treasury Management and Pension Fund Investments team. Cash balances are reviewed on a daily basis and withdrawals and deposits arranged in accordance with the current strategy. Pension Fund cash deposits are held separately from the County Council cash.

Rebalancing

- 5. The Oxfordshire County Council Pension Fund has a cash strategic asset allocation range of 0 5%. The cash balance is regularly monitored and reviewed as part of a quarterly fund rebalancing exercise.
- 6. Arrangements will be made for cash balances which are not required for cashflow purposes, to be transferred to the pension fund Investment Managers in accordance with the decisions taken during the rebalancing exercise.
- 7. In general a minimum cash balance of £10million will be retained following a fund rebalancing exercise, to meet cashflow requirements and private equity investment transactions. The level of cash balances will fluctuate on a daily basis and may be considerably higher than the minimum balance dependent upon the timing of transactions and strategic asset allocation decisions.

Investment Strategy

- 8. The Pension Fund cash investment policies and procedures will be in line with those of the administering authority. Priorities for the investment of cash will be:-
 - (a) The security of capital and
 - (b) The liquidity of investments
 - (c) optimum return on investments commensurate with proper levels of security and liquidity.

Investment of Pension Fund Cash

- 9. Management of the Pension Fund's cash balances will be in accordance with the Administering Authority's approved Treasury Management Strategy and policies and procedures. Lending limits relating to the council's in-house deposits will however not apply due to differences in the levels of cash held. The Pension Fund cash balances managed in-house will be deposited with a minimum of two counterparties.
- 10. The pension fund cash balances will be held predominantly in short-term instruments such as notice accounts, money market funds and short-term fixed deposits. Approved instruments for pension fund cash deposits will be the County council's list of specified investments for maturities up to 1 year, excluding the Debt Management Account deposit facility which is not available to pension funds and UK Government Gilts which are managed by an external fund manager. The County Council's approved list of specified investments is attached at Appendix 1.
- 11. Pension Fund deposits will be restricted to the County Council's approved counterparties at the time of deposit. Approved counterparties as at 8 February are shown in Appendix 2.

Borrowing for Pension Fund

12. The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009 gives administering authorities a limited power to borrow on behalf of the pension fund for up to 90 days. The power cannot be used to invest, but only for cashflow management in specified circumstances which should in practice be exceptional, i.e. to ensure that benefits are paid on time, and in transition management situations when the allocation of a pension fund's assets is being amended. Money can only be borrowed for these purposes if, at the time of borrowing, the administering authority reasonably believes that the sum borrowed, and any interest charged as a result, can be repaid out of the pension fund within 90 days of the date when the money is borrowed.

- 13. Pension Fund management arrangements presume no borrowing normally, but the possibility remains of unexpected pressures occurring and in these circumstances the power would enable the Pension Fund to avoid becoming forced sellers of fund assets due to cashflow requirements.
- 14. The Assistant Chief Executive and Chief Finance Officer (S.151 Officer) has delegated authority to borrow money for the Pension Fund in accordance with the regulations but only in exceptional circumstances. It is proposed that the authority to borrow on behalf of the Pension Fund continues to be delegated to the Assistant Chief Executive and Chief Finance Officer during 2013/14.

Oxfordshire County Council 2013/14 Approved Specified Investments for Maturities up to one year.

Investment Instrument	Minimum Credit Criteria
Debt Management Agency Deposit	N/A
Facility	
Term Deposits – UK Government	N/A
Term Deposits – Banks and Building	Fitch short-term F1, Long-term A-,
Societies	Minimum Sovereign Rating AA
Term Deposits with Nationalised	N/A
Banks with Government Guarantee	
for wholesale deposits	
Term Deposits with Part Nationalised	N/A
banks by the UK Government	
Certificates of Deposit issued by	A1 or P1
Banks and Building Societies	
Money Market Funds with a	AAA
Constant Net Asset Value	
Other Money Market Funds and	Minimum equivalent credit rating of
Collective Investment Schemes ¹	A+. These funds do not have short
	term ratings
UK Government Gilts	AAA
Treasury Bills	N/A

 $^{^{1}}$ l.e., credit rated funds which meet the definition of a collective investment scheme as defined in SI 2004 No 534 and SI 2007 No 573.

Approved Counterparties as at 08/02/13

Ignis Sterling Liquidity Fund

Bank of Montreal Bank of Nova Scotia Barclays Bank Plc Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Commonwealth Bank of Australia Development Bank of Singapore **HSBC** Bank plc JP Morgan Chase Bank Lloyds TSB Bank plc National Australia Bank National Bank of Canada Nationwide Building Society Overseas Chinese Banking Corp Royal Bank of Canada Royal Bank of Scotland Santander UK plc Standard Chartered Bank Svenska Handelsbanken Toronto-Dominion Bank United Overseas Bank

English, Welsh and Scottish Local Authorities