

◆ STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES

1 Introduction

Oxfordshire County Council has drawn up this Statement of Investment Principles to comply with the requirements of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009. The Authority has consulted its actuary and independent financial adviser in preparing this statement.

Investment policy falls into two parts: strategic management and day-to-day management. The strategic management of the assets is the responsibility of the Authority and is driven by its investment objectives set out below. Day-to-day management of the assets is delegated to investment managers as described in the management of the assets section below.

2 Overall Responsibility

The County Council is the designated statutory body responsible for administering the Oxfordshire Pension Fund on behalf of the constituent Scheduled and Admitted Bodies. The Council is responsible for setting investment policy, appointing suitable persons to implement that policy and carrying out regular reviews and monitoring of investments.

The review and monitoring of investment performance and fund administration is delegated to the County Council's Pension Fund Committee. The Chief Finance Officer has delegated powers for investing the Oxfordshire Pension Fund in accordance with the policies determined by the Pension Fund Committee. The Committee is comprised of nine County Councillors plus two District Council representatives. A beneficiaries' representative attends Committee meetings as a non-voting member.

The Committee meets quarterly and is advised by the Chief Finance Officer and the Fund's Independent Financial

Adviser. The Committee members are not trustees, although they have similar responsibilities.

3 Investment Objectives and Strategy

Investment Objectives

The investment objectives are:

1. to achieve a 100% funding level;
2. to ensure there are sufficient liquid resources available to meet the Fund's current liabilities and investment commitments;
3. for the overall Fund to outperform the benchmark, set out in the next section, by 1.0% per annum over a rolling three-year period.

In looking to deliver these objectives the Committee will take into account the fact that the Fund is immature with the cash received from employer and employee contributions exceeding the cash required to pay benefits and the costs of administering the Fund. This enables the Committee to take a long term view.

Risk

There are several risks to which any pension fund is exposed. The overriding risk is a deterioration of the funding level of the Fund. This could be caused by the differential movement of markets within the global economy or investment managers performing poorly and not achieving their target rate of return, or even their benchmark return.

To mitigate such risks, the following strategy has been adopted:

- retaining a proportion of investments in bonds to reflect potential changes in liabilities;
- investing a proportion of the fund passively to limit the impact of poor performance by investment managers;
- diversification of investments, including investing in alternative assets with a low degree of correlation;

- use of a number of different investment managers to spread the risk of poor performance.
- diversification of investment styles, e.g. growth and value

Investment managers are required to implement appropriate risk management measures and to operate in such a way that the possibility of undershooting the performance target is kept within acceptable limits. The managers report on portfolio risk each quarter.

Strategic asset allocation

In March 2014, the Pension Fund Committee reviewed the benchmark for the strategic allocation of assets, following the results of the 2013 Valuation. The revised benchmark is set out in the table below:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Range %
UK Equities		
- passively managed	9	
- actively managed	20	
Total UK Equities	29	27 - 31
Overseas Equities		
- passively managed	7	
- actively managed	23	
Total Overseas Equities	30	28 - 32
Total Equities	59	55 - 63
UK Gilts	3	
Index Linked Gilts	5	
Overseas Bonds	2	
Corporate Bonds	6	
Total Bonds & Index Linked	16	14 - 18
Property	8	5 - 9
Private Equity	9	6 - 11
Diversified Growth Fund	5	4 - 6
Infrastructure	3	2 - 4
Cash	0	0 - 5
Total Other Assets	25	
Total All Assets	100	

4 Management of the Assets

Following a fundamental review of the management of the Funds assets in 2003, the Committee decided to switch from investment managers with a balanced mandate to a specialist management structure. As part of this review the Committee, advised by the

Independent Financial Adviser, took over responsibility for strategic asset allocation. Once every three years, following the actuarial valuation, there is a fundamental review of how the assets are managed. The last such review was undertaken in March 2014.

The assets are currently managed as set out in the following table.

Asset Class	Investment Manager	Benchmark	Annual Target
UK Equities	Baillie Gifford Legal & General	FTSE Actuaries All-Share FTSE 100	+1.25% Passive
Global Equities	UBS Global Asset Management	MSCI All Countries World Index (ACWI)	+1.0%
Global Equities	Wellington Legal & General	MSCI ACWI FTSE All World	+ 2.0% Passive
Bonds & Index Linked - UK Gilts - Index Linked - Corporate bonds - Overseas bonds	Legal & General	FTSE A All Gilts Stocks FTSE A Over 5 year IBoxx Sterling Non-Gilts JPMorgan Global Govt (ex UK) traded bond	+ 0.6%
Property	UBS Global Asset Management	IPD UK All Balanced Funds Index weighted average	+1.0%
Private Equity - Quoted Inv. Trusts - Limited Partnerships	Assistant Chief Executive & Chief Finance Officer Adams Street Partners Group	FTSE smaller companies (including investment trusts)	+ 1.0%
Diversified Growth Funds	Insight Investment	3 month Libid	+3.0% to +5.0%
Cash	Internal	3 month Libor	-

Target performance is based on rolling 3-year periods

Legal & General have been given control ranges for each of the four sub categories of bonds & index linked. UBS Global Asset Management have been given control ranges for overseas equities relating to investment in their Global Pooled Fund and emerging markets. These ranges have been drawn up to ensure the Fund's investments remain well diversified.

Restrictions on Investment

The investment managers are prohibited from holding investments not defined as 'investments' in the LGPS (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009. Use of derivatives and currency hedging is permitted within pre-agreed limits. Underwriting is permitted, provided that the underlying stock is suitable on investment grounds and complies with existing investment criteria.

The regulations limit the powers of the Council to invest. The key restrictions are:

- not more than 10% (15%) of the Fund may be invested in unlisted securities of companies;
- not more than 10% of the Fund may be held in any single holding;
- not more than 10% of the Fund may be held as a deposit in any single bank, institution or person;
- not more than 2% (5%) of the Fund may be contributed to a single partnership
- not more than 5% (30%) of the Fund may be contributed to partnerships in total.
- not more than 10% of the Fund may be deposited or loaned to local authorities
- not more than 25% (35%) of the Fund may be invested in open ended investment companies where the collective investment schemes constituted by the companies are managed by one body.
- Not more than 25% (35%) in any single insurance contract.

Where figures are quoted in brackets, the Council could increase its limit as long as certain conditions are met.

The Council has determined to increase its limits as follows:

- to increase the limit on the proportion of the Fund that may be invested in any single insurance contract
- the limit on this investment has been increased to 35%
- this increase has been agreed to ensure that Legal and General retain the flexibility to manage their fixed income mandate within the limits previously set. Currently, Legal and General manage the allocations for passive UK and overseas equities, and the allocation for corporate bonds through a single insurance contract. Whilst the benchmark figure for the combined allocation to these funds is 22.8%, the flexibility provided to Legal and General to switch between corporate bonds and other elements of the fixed income mandate means the total allocation could rise above 25%. As the three component parts of the Legal and General contract are diversified, and operated within strict limits, it is not felt that this increase in overall limit exposes the Fund to undue risk.
- It is proposed that the increase should be retained for the three year period up to the implementation of any asset allocation review following the 2016 Valuation. The increase will be reviewed as part of the 2017 Fundamental Asset Allocation Review and expires no later than 30 June 2017.

- To increase the limit on the total of the Fund to be allocated to partnerships to 30%.
- This increase reflects the decision of the Committee to allocate £20m for ad hoc property investments. £10m has been allocated to a property partnership, bringing the total allocated to partnerships to 4.3%. To ensure the Fund retains the flexibility required to make investments in private equity and property partnerships as opportunities arise, the limit needs to be raised in line with the higher limit set by the Regulations.
- As the actual allocations will remain within the bands set by the fundamental asset review, the Fund will remain fully diversified.
- The increase should be reviewed as part of the 2017 Fundamental Asset allocation Review and as such will be in place until June 2017.
- The decision to increase both limits has been made in line with the requirements of the Regulations.

Realisation of Investments

Investment managers are required to maintain portfolios which consist of assets that are readily realisable. Any investment within an in-house or pooled fund which is not readily tradable requires specific approval. It is recognised that investment in Limited Partnership private equity funds are long term investments and as such are not readily realisable.

Monitoring and review

The individual manager's performance, current activity and transactions are monitored quarterly by the Pension Fund Committee. Investment management performance of the Fund is reviewed annually upon receipt of the annual report prepared by WM Performance Services.

5 Social, Environmental & Ethically Responsible Investment

The Council's principal concern is to invest in the **best interests** of the Fund's employing bodies and beneficiaries. Its Investment Managers are given performance objectives accordingly. However, the Council requires its Investment Managers to monitor and assess the social, environmental and ethical considerations, which may impact on the reputation of a particular company when selecting and retaining investments, and to engage with companies on these issues where appropriate. The Council believes that the operation of such a policy will ensure the sustainability of a company's earnings and hence its merits as an investment; it will also assess the company's sensitivity to its various stakeholders.

The Investment Managers report at quarterly intervals on the selection, retention and realisation of investments on the Council's behalf. These Report/Review Meetings provide an opportunity for the Council to influence the Investment Manager's choice of investments but the Council is careful to preserve the Investment Manager's autonomy in pursuit of their given performance. The Council will use meetings to identify Investment Managers' adherence to the policy and to ask Investment Managers to report regularly on any engagement undertaken.

6 Exercise of Rights attached to Investments

The Council takes an interest in the way the companies in which it has made investments manage their affairs. It will always exercise its voting rights to promote and support good corporate governance and socially responsible corporate behaviour.

In practice its Investment Managers are delegated authority to exercise voting rights in respect of the Council's holdings. Voting decisions are fully delegated to fund managers, subject to an annual review by the Pension Fund Committee.

Investment Managers are required to report quarterly on action taken. The Council, through its Investment Managers, may act with other pension funds to influence corporate behaviour and, apart from the exercise of voting rights in concert with others, may make direct representation to the boards of companies through its Investment Managers in concert with others, on issues of social responsibility.

7 Custody & Stock Lending

Custodian services are provided by BNP Paribas. In accordance with normal practice, the Scheme's share certificates are registered in the name of the custodian's own nominee company with designation for the Scheme. Officers receive and review internal control reports produced by the custodian. The custodian regularly reconciles their records with the investment manager records, providing a regular report to officers which they in turn review.

The custodian holds the majority of the Fund's assets. Exceptions include some pooled funds, held by the relevant Investment Manager's

custodian, hedge fund assets and a working cash balance, which is held by the County Council and invested in the wholesale money market.

The Council allows the custodian to lend stock and share the proceeds with the Council. This is done to generate income for the Fund and to minimise the cost of custody. To minimise risk of loss the counterparty is required to provide suitable collateral to the custodian.

8 Compliance

The Council will monitor compliance with this statement annually. In particular it will obtain written confirmation from the Investment Managers that they exercised their powers of investment with a view to giving effect to the principles contained in the Statement so far as is reasonably practicable. The Council undertakes to advise the Investment Managers promptly and in writing of any material change to the Statement.

The Pension Fund Committee has assessed itself against the updated Principles of Pension Fund Investment in June 2010 and is broadly compliant. This statement also complies with the guidance given by the Secretary of State.

9 Review of this Statement

The Council will review this Statement in response to any material changes to any aspect of the Fund, its liabilities, finances and its attitude to risk, which has a bearing on its stated investment objectives. A formal review of the strategic asset allocation will be undertaken annually. In addition the Council will undertake a strategic review of this Statement every three years to coincide with the actuarial valuation.